

POETRY.

WHIG SONG.

I'll sing you a new whig song made to a good old rhyme—
Of a fine true-hearted gentleman all of the olden time—
By birth and blood—by kith and kin—a sound true whig was he—
For his father signed the CHARTER, that made our country free—
Like a fine true hearted gentleman,
All of the old time.

In youth upon the tattered field his laurels he did gain—
With Wayne he fought some battles and never fought in vain—
In peace the quiet Statesman he—but when the war arose
He buckled on his armor to meet his country's foes—
Like a fine true hearted gentleman,
All of the old time.

And when he served his country well, in Senate and in field,
The honor that awaited him, most freely did he yield—
He turned him to his home again, and sought a farmer's toils,
For though he'd fill'd the offices, he never took the spoils;
Like a fine true hearted gentleman,
All of the old time.

And when the People in their might have put their solemn ban,
Upon the arch Magician, and all his Tory clan—
To manage well their State affairs, with one accord they'll send,
Like another Cincinnatus for the Hero of North Bend.
Like a fine true hearted gentleman,
All of the old time.

Let every sound true-hearted whig now raise his voice on high—
And for the triumph of the cause, join Freedom's loudest cry—
Come to the fight—we'll win the field—away with doubts and fears—
The People's man is Harrison—Let's give him three good cheers:
Like a fine true hearted gentleman,
All of the old time.

From the Baltimore Patriot.
JOHN C. CALHOUN MY JO.
A COMIC POLITICAL SONG.
Tune—"John Anderson my Jo."
John C. Calhoun my Jo, I'm sorry for your fate,
You've nullify'd the Tariff laws, you've nullify'd your State,
You've nullify'd your party, John, and principles you know,
And now you've nullify'd yourself, John C. Calhoun my Jo.

Oh! John, how could you look into the face of Henry Clay!
The glory of the Western World and of the World away;
You call'd yourself his "master," John, but that can't be so,
For he "would not own you for a slave," John C. Calhoun my Jo.

The Father of the Tariff, John, and Patron of the Arts,
He seeks to build his country up in spite of foreign parts;
And Harrison will soon upset the little Van & Co.
And renovate the Ship of State, John C. Calhoun my Jo.

John C. Calhoun my Jo John, ambition in despair
Once made you nullify the whole, the half of it to share;
The "whole hog now you've gone," John, with Kendall, Blair & Co.
But "you've got the wrong sow by the ear," John C. Calhoun my Jo.

American mechanics, John, will never sell their votes
For Mint drops or for Treasury bills or even British coats;
They want no English coaches, John, while servants they forgo,
For their carriage is of Yankee stamp, John C. Calhoun my Jo.

Oh! John he is a slippery blade with whom you've got to deal,
He'll pass between your clutches too, just like a living eel;
You think he'll recommend you, John, but Van will never do so,
For he wants the fishes for himself, John C. Calhoun my Jo.

John C. Calhoun my Jo John, if this you dare to doubt,
Go ask the Living Skeleton, who deals his secrets out;
His favorites are mark'd, John, the mark you cannot see,
And you'd soon repent the bargain made, John C. Calhoun my Jo.

This is a dirty business, John, go wash your little hands,
And never bow your knee again to cunning Van's commands;
"How you are off for soap," John, I cannot say I know,
But "your mother does not know you're out," John C. Calhoun my Jo.

The brave sons of the South, John, will never own you more,
And Benton's Mint drops will not save—you're rotten to the core;
The People will no power, John, on such as you bestow,
And you've jump'd your final somersault, John C. Calhoun my Jo.

John C. Calhoun my Jo John, you'll ride with little Van,
From yonder Whited Sepulchre, with all his motly clan;
The journey will be long, John, now mind I tell you so,
For they never can return again, John C. Calhoun my Jo.

Then better men my Jo John, our sad affairs will fix,
Republicans in principle, the Whigs of Seventy Six;
The offices they'll purge, John, Swartwouters all will go,
And sycofant fellows too, John C. Calhoun my Jo.

The Farmer of North Bend, John, will plough the weeds away,
And the terror of Tecumseh then will gain another day;
America will flourish John, mechanics find employ,
And our merchants will rejoice indeed, John C. Calhoun my Jo.

In that hour when one man shall lead a thousand,
When the Republic of John John—when one man shall lead a thousand,
When the Republic of John John—when one man shall lead a thousand,
When the Republic of John John—when one man shall lead a thousand,

THE HOMAGE OF JUSTICE.

We have compiled, from various sources, the following disinterested testimonials, which were commended from their several authors by the lofty patriotism, valor, talents and success of Gen. HARRISON, long before he was named for the Presidency, and in times which ought to give them weight sufficient to bear down all the petty calumnies and quibbling objections which party malignity may now presume to forge against the war-worn and time-honored patriot and soldier.

The authorities we present against the puny attacks of Loco-Foco Federalism, and which we shall stereotype as an impregnable barricade against all opposition, are no less than the CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES, the LEGISLATURES OF INDIANA, and of KENTUCKY, JAMES MADISON, JAMES MONROE, COL. RICHARD M. JOHNSON, ANTHONY WAYNE, LANGDON CHEVES, SIMON SNYDER GOV. SHELBY, COM. PERRY, COL. CROGHAN, COL. DAVIES, and others, including in the illustrious catalogue even THOMAS RITCHIE himself!

We begin with the testimony of COL. RICHARD M. JOHNSON, now Vice President of the United States.

Col. Johnson said, (in Congress)—
"Who is Gen. Harrison? The son of one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence, who spent the greater part of his large fortune in redeeming the pledge he then gave, of his fortune, life and sacred honor, to secure the liberties of his country."
"Of the career of Gen. Harrison I need not speak—the history of the West, is his history. For forty years he has been identified with its interests, its perils and its hopes. Universally beloved in the walks of peace, and distinguished by his ability in the councils of his country, he has been yet more illustriously distinguished in the field."
"During the late war, he was longer in active service than any other General officer, he was perhaps, often in action than any one of them, and never sustained a defeat."
JAMES MADISON, in special message to Congress, Dec. 18, 1811, said,
While it is deeply lamented that so many valuable lives have been lost in the action which took place on the 7th ultimo, Congress will see with satisfaction the dauntless spirit of fortitude victoriously displayed by every description of troops engaged, as well as the collected firmness which distinguished their commander on an occasion requiring the utmost exertions of valor and discipline."
JAMES MADISON in his message to Congress, Nov. 1812, said,
An ample force from the States of Kentucky, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and Virginia, is placed, with the addition of a few regulars under the command of Brigadier Gen. HARRISON, possesses the entire confidence of his fellow soldiers, among whom are citizens, some of them volunteers in the ranks, not less distinguished by their political stations than by their personal merits."
In Mr. MADISON's message of Dec. 1813, the compliment was extended, as follows:
The success on Lake Erie having opened a passage on the territory of the enemy, the officer commanding the Northwestern army, transferred the war thither, and rapidly pursuing the hostile troops, fleeing with their savage associates, forced a general action, which quickly terminated in the capture of the British, and dispersion of the savage force."
This result is signally honorable to Major General HARRISON, by whose military talents it was prepared."
The following tribute of praise was paid to General Harrison, in 1811, by eleven of the officers who fought under his banner at the battle of Tippecanoe:
"Should our country again require our services to oppose a civilized or a savage foe, we should march under Gen. Harrison with the most perfect confidence of victory and fame."
JOEL COOK R. B. BURTON, NATHAN ADAMS, A. HAWKINS, H. BURCHSTADT, HOSEA BLOOD, JOSIAH SNELLING, C. BURTON, C. FULLER, G. GOODING, J. D. FOSTER.

Extract of a letter from Col. Davies, who was killed at the battle of Tippecanoe, Aug. 24, 1811:
"I make free to declare that I have imagined there were two military men in the West, and Gen. Harrison is the first of the two."
Message of Simon Snyder, Governor of Pa. Dec. 10, 1813,
"Alas! by the brow of the young warrior, Croghan, encircled with laurels, and the blessings of thousands of women and children rescued from the scalping knife of the ruthless savages of the wilderness, and from the still more savage Proctor, rest on Harrison and his gallant army."
In the Legislature of Indiana, on the 12th Nov. 1811, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, Gen. Wm. Johnson, thus addressed General Harrison:
"Sir—The House of Representatives of the Indiana territory, in their own name, and in behalf of their constituents, most cordially reiterate the congratulations of your Excellency on the glorious result of the late sanguinary conflict with the Shawnee Prophet, and the tribes of Indians confederated with him; when we see displayed in behalf of our country, not only the consummate abilities of the general, but the heroism of the man; and when we take in review the benefits which must result to this country from those exertions we cannot, for at present, withhold our word of applause."
The following resolve of both houses of the Legislature of Kentucky, will have a similar effect on the nerves of those who circulate the slander respecting the "white horse," and the fall of the gallant Col. Davies:
Legislature of Kentucky, Jan. 7, 1812.
Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Kentucky, that in the late campaign against the Indians upon the Wabash, Gov. William Henry Harrison has behaved like a hero, a patriot, and a general; and that for his cool, deliberate, skilful and gallant conduct in the battle of Tippecanoe, he well deserves the warmest thanks of his country and his nation.
Gen. Anthony Wayne, in his Letter to the Secretary of War, giving an official account of his sanguinary Indian battle, in 1792, said:
"My faithful and gallant Lieutenant Harrison, rendered the most essential service, by communicating my orders in every direction, and by his conduct and bravery, exciting the troops to press for victory."
The following resolution, which passed both houses of Congress, with but one dissenting voice, is calculated to make the "petticoat hero," feel that such slanders can feel any thing but the lash.
Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the thanks of Congress be, and they are hereby presented to Major General William Henry Harrison, and Isaac Shelby, late Governor of Kentucky, and, through them to the officers and men under their command, for their gallantry and good conduct in defeating the combined British and Indian forces under Major General Proctor, on the Tiamias, in Upper Canada, on the fifth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, capturing the British army, with their baggage, camp equipage, and artillery; and that the President of the United States be requested to cause two gold medals to be struck, emblematical of this triumph; and presented to General Harrison and Isaac Shelby, late Governor of Kentucky.

H. CLAY,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JOHN GAILLARD,
President of the Senate, pro tempore.
April 4, 1813.—Approved,
JAMES MONROE.

Gov. Shelby to Mr. Madison May 19, 1814, says:
"I feel no hesitation to declare to you that I believe Gen. Harrison to be one of the first military characters of the age."

Col. Richard M. Johnson to Gen. Harrison, July 4, 1813, says:
"We did not want to serve under cowards or traitors; but under one [Harrison] who had proved himself to be wise, prudent and brave."
Commodore Perry to General Harrison, August 18, 1817, says:
"The prompt charge made by you in the order of battle on discovering the position of the enemy, has always appeared to me to have evinced a high degree of military talent. I concur with the venerable Shelby in his general approbation of your conduct in that campaign."
The opinions of the Hon. LANGDON CHEVES, of the importance of the victory of the Thames and the bravery of Gen. WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON.
"The victory of Harrison, was such as would have secured to a Roman General in the best days of the Republic, the honors of a triumph! He put an end to the War in the uppermost Canada."
Sentiments of the Hero of Fort Stephenson, Col. Croghan, now of the War Department:
"I desire no plaudits which are bestowed upon me at the expense of Gen. Harrison."
"I have felt the warmest attachment for him as a man, and my confidence in him as an able commander remains unshaken. I feel every assurance that he will at all times do ample justice; and nothing could give me more pain than to see his enemies seize upon this occasion to deal out their unfriendly feelings and acrimonious dislike; and as long as he continues, (as in my humble opinion he has hitherto done,) to make the wisest arrangements and the most judicious disposition, which the forces under his command will justify, I shall not hesitate to unite with the army in bestowing upon him that confidence which he so richly merits, and which has on no occasion been withheld."
Lastly we come to the neat compliment of Thomas Ritchie, Editor of the Richmond Enquirer, the leading organ of the Coalition in the South, who now brandishes his old "chapeless sword with two broken points," and threatens devastating war upon the conqueror of the British and Indian Coalition of the West! The Richmond Enquirer said:
"General Harrison's letter tells us every thing that we wish to know about the officers, except himself. He does justice to every one but Harrison—and the world must therefore do justice to the man who was too modest to be just to himself."

Come to the Record.
The following is the record that Harrison has been honored with the confidence of every President of the U. States from the organization of the Government down to the adoption of the "spoils system." After referring to the joint resolution of Congress, approved by James Monroe, and re-published in another column of to-day's paper, we quote from the Executive Journal of the United States Senate, 1789, to 1829, inclusive.

In the Executive Journal, 1791, page 86, we find the following:
United States, Oct. 31, 1791.
Gentlemen of the senate: Certain offices having become vacant since your last session, by death, resignation, or appointment to other offices, of those who held them, I have, in pursuance of the power vested in me by the constitution, appointed the following persons to fill these vacancies, viz:
FIRST REGIMENT—INFANTRY.
WILLIAM H. HARRISON, Ensign, vice Thompson promoted.
GEORGE WASHINGTON.
In the same Journal, page 88, the following:
Monday, Nov. 7, 1791.
The Senate proceeded to consider the nomination of the President of the United States, contained in his message of 31st October, 1791; and resolved, that they advise and consent to the appointment of the persons therein named, to the offices to which they are respectively nominated &c.
In the same Journal, 1793, page 132, the following:
United States, Feb. 22, 1793.
Gentlemen of the Senate: I nominate the following persons for promotion and appointments in the Legion of the United States, viz:
WILLIAM H. HARRISON, Lieutenant, vice Prior promoted.
GEORGE WASHINGTON.
In the same Journal, page 134, the following:
Saturday, Feb. 23, 1793.
The Senate took into consideration the message of the President of the United States, nominating for promotions and appointments in the Legion of the U. States.
Resolved, That the Senate advise and consent to the appointments respectively, agreeably to the nomination.
In the same Journal, 1797, page 250, the following:
United States, July 10, 1797.
Gentlemen of the Senate: I nominate the following persons for promotions and appointments in the Army of the U. States.
FIRST REGIMENT OF INFANTRY.
WILLIAM H. HARRISON, Captain, vice Kingsbury, promoted.
JOHN ADAMS.
On motion, it was agreed, by unanimous consent to dispense with the rule, and that the said nominations be now considered. Whereupon,
Resolved, That the Senate do advise and consent to the appointments, agreeably to the nominations.
In the same Journal, 1798, page 282.
Tuesday, June 26, 1798.
The following written message was received from the President of the U. States, by Mr. Malcom, his Secretary:
Gentlemen of the Senate: I nominate, &c. WILLIAM H. HARRISON, Esp. of Virginia, to be Secretary of the Territory Northwest of the River Ohio.
JOHN ADAMS.
Thursday, June 28, 1798.
The Senate took into consideration the message of the President of the U. States, of the 26th instant, and the nominations contained therein, &c. Whereupon,
Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointments, agreeably to the nominations respectively.
In the same Journal, 1800, page 333, the following:
United States, May, 12, 1800.
Gentlemen of the Senate: I nominate WILLIAM H. HARRISON, of the Northwestern Territory, to be Governor of the Indiana Territory.
JOHN ADAMS.
Thursday, May 15, 1800.
The Senate proceeded to the consideration of the message of the President of the U. States, of the 12th instant, and the nomination contained therein, of WILLIAM H. HARRISON, to office. Whereupon,
Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointment, agreeably to the nomination.
In the same Journal, 1803, page 441, the following:
Thursday, February 3, 1803.
A written message was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Lewis, his Secretary.

"Friday, February 4, 1803.
The message of the President of the United States, communicated on 3d February, was read, as follows: Gentlemen of the Senate: I nominate &c. WILLIAM H. HARRISON, to be Governor of Indiana Territory, from the 13th day of May next, when his present commission as Governor will expire.
WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON, of Indiana, to be a Commissioner to enter into any treaty or treaties which may be necessary with any Indian tribes North West of the Ohio, and within the territories of the U. S. on the subject of their boundaries or lands.
THOMAS JEFFERSON."
Tuesday Feb. 8, 1803.
The Senate resumed the consideration of the message of the President of the United States, of February 3, nominating John Martin Baker and others, to civil and military appointments; and resolved, that they advise and consent to the appointments, agreeable to the nominations respectively &c.
In the same Journal, (vol. 2.) pages 44, 45, the following:
Monday, December 15, 1806.
The following written message was received from the President of the U. States, by Mr. Coles, his Secretary:
To the Senate of the U. States: Vacancies having happened during the last recess of the Senate, in the following offices, I granted commissions to the persons herein named, to each respective vacancy; which commissions will expire at the end of the present session of the Senate. I now, therefore, nominate the same persons to the same offices, respectively, for appointment.
WILLIAM H. HARRISON, of Indiana, to be Governor of Indiana.
THOMAS JEFFERSON.
Wednesday, Dec. 17, 1806.
The Senate resumed the consideration of the nominations contained in the message received from the President of the United States, on the 15th inst. and resolved that they advise and consent to the appointments of B. Livingston, M. McClary, P. Curtenius, P. L. Shenok, J. Barnes, W. W. Parker, J. Page, W. Durham, E. Moulmer, W. M. HARRISON, &c., agreeably to their nominations respectively.
In the same Journal, pages 130, 131, the following:
Tuesday December 19, 1809.
The following written message was received from the President of the United States by Mr. Graham.
To the Senate of the United States: The commissions heretofore granted to the following persons being limited in their duration and now about to expire, I nominate them to the same office respectively annexed to their names:
WILLIAM H. HARRISON, whose commission as Governor of Indiana Territory will expire on the 19th January next, to be Governor of the same Territory, for three years next, ensuing that date.
JAMES MADISON.
Wednesday December 20, 1809.
The Senate took into consideration the message of the President of the United States of yesterday, nominating Joseph Crockett and others, to office. Whereupon resolved, that they advise and consent to the appointments of John Willard and WILLIAM H. HARRISON agreeably to the nominations respectively.
In the same Journal, 1812, page 296, 300, 308 the following:
Monday November 9, 1812.
The following written message was received from the President of the U. States by Mr. Coles, his Secretary.
To the Senate of the United States: I nominate the persons whose names are stated in the list annexed to the enclosed letter from the Secretary of War, for the promotions and appointments respectively proposed, &c.
JAMES MADISON.
November 9, 1812.
"War Department Nov. 9, 1812.
Sir: I have the honor to propose for your approbation, the following promotions and appointments in the Army of the U. States.
W. EUSTIS."
Indiana Territory—WILLIAM H. HARRISON Brigadier General, to rank from the 22nd August, 1812."
Wednesday December 2, 1812.
The Senate resumed the consideration of certain military appointments, named in the last-mentioned message, and resolved, that the Senate do advise and consent to the appointment of WILLIAM H. HARRISON, agreeably to the nomination.
In the same Journal, 1813 pages 329, 330, the following:
Saturday, Feb. 17, 1813.
The two following messages were received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Coles, his Secretary:
To the Senate of the United States: I nominate Brigadier General James Wilkinson, Brigadier General Wade Hampton, William R. Davy of S. Carolina, Morgan Lewis now Quarter Master General, WILLIAM H. HARRISON, of Indiana Territory, and Aaron Ogden of New Jersey to be Major Generals in the Army of the United States, &c.
JAMES MADISON.
February 15, 1813.
Monday, March 1, 1813.
The Senate took into consideration the message of the President of the United States, of the 27th February, nominating James Wilkinson and others to offices.
On the question, "will the Senate advise and consent to the appointment of WM. H. HARRISON?" It was determined in the affirmative, yeas 23, nays 4. On motion, the yeas and nays having been required by one fifth of the Senators present, those voted in the affirmative, are—Messrs. Bayard, Bibb, Brent, Brown, Crawford, Cuts, Franklin, Gillard, Giles, Gilman, Goodrich, Howell, Marquard, Pope, Reed, Robinson, Smith of Maryland, Smith of New York, Tait, Turner, Varian and Worthington. Those who voted in the negative, are—Messrs. German (of N. Y.), Lambert (of N. J.) Leid (of Pa.) and Lloyd (of Mass.)
In the same Journal, (vol. 3.) pages 612, 617, as follows:
Thursday, May 29, 1828.
The following message was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. John Adams, his Secretary:
I nominate, &c. WILLIAM H. HARRISON, of Ohio, to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the Republic of Colombia, &c.
JOHN QUINCY ADAMS.
Saturday, May 24, 1828.
The Senate proceeded to consider the nomination of WILLIAM H. HARRISON, contained in the message of the 22nd inst. & Mr. Benton being, at his request excused from voting, it was (without division on the yeas and nays,) resolved, that the Senate advise and consent to the appointment of WILLIAM H. HARRISON, agreeably to the nomination."

CIRCULAR.
TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS, DRUGGISTS AND PAINTERS.
HENRY T. BLOW,
SUCCESSOR to Charles & Blow, wholesale dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Window Glass, Paper, &c., &c., at the old warehouse, corner of Main and Pine streets, is now receiving from New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, and has in store, per Steamers Chester, Selma and Merimack, an extensive and well selected stock of every article in the line, purchased direct of Drug Brokers and Manufacturers, which he offers to his old friends in the country and city, cash purchasers, and punctual men, on fair terms. City dealers and Painters, will find it to their advantage to examine my stock, which consists in part of
180 lbs. English Calomel,
2 Cases Gum Camphor,
3 do Refined Borax,
3 bbls Cream of Tartar,
23 Cases Bait. Epsom Salts,
15 " Alum,
8 Cases Poliziss Liquorice,
2 " (500 ounces) French Quinine,
1 " Gum Arabic (very superior),
4 " East India Gum Copal,
5 " Gum Shellac "Orange,"
1 " Tummy Gum Myrrh,
1 " " Opium, (160 lbs.)
1 " Red Precipitate,
1 " Pow'd. Rhubarb,
1 " East India Rhubarb,
1 " 50 lbs. each, Tartaric Acid,
20 " Castile Soap,
(All in original packages.)
50 Boxes Rowland's Tonic Mixture, (a new certain cure for Fever and Ague),
25 Carboys of Oil Vitriol, Green, dry,
50 bbls. Vinegar, (a very fine article),
And one hundred and seventy packages containing good assortments, Shaving and Fancy Soaps, Surgical Instruments, Vermifuge, Quills, Inks, Shoe Paint, Cloth and Hair Brushes.
3000 kegs Missouri White Lead, warranted pure,
500 lbs. Brunswick Green, in Oil,
1000 " Paris Green, dry and in Oil,
1000 " Fine Chrome Green, dry,
And a variety of other colors, all well suited to Steamboat painting, &c.
20 cases Venetian Red, "English,"
50 bbls. Spanish Whiting,
30 " Coppers,
2 cases French Yellow Ochre,
5 " English Lamplack, in 4 & 1 lb. papers,
1 case Trieste Vermillion,
2 bbls. Fine English Black Lead,
10 " American Black Lead,
10 " Superior Furniture Varnish,
10 " Japan Varnish,
5 " Extra Coach do,
2 cases Ombro Madders,
11 bbls. do do,
25 " Ground Logwood,
60 " English and American Linseed Oil,
60 " Spring and Summer Strained Sperm Oil,
35 " Brown Tanner's Oil,
25 " Cold pressed Castor Oil,
3 cases, 150 galls. each, pure Olive Oil,
40 baskets and 18 betrys Seland Oil,
30 cases Salutaris,
20 bags Paper,
20 bags Allspice,
40 boxes Palm Soap,
30 " Variegated Soap,
21 bales Fresh Hops,
25 gross Masson's Challeng Blacking,
10 bbls. Gr. Ginger,
10 " do,
1 " Nutmegs,
2 " Cloves,
300 gross Bottle Corks,
50 boxes Lemon Syrup,
100 " 30 lbs. each, Assorted Candies, manufactured expressly for the western trade, and received in fine order,
20 boxes Gallon Jars,
40 " Half do. do,
90 " qt. and pt. Jars, 4 pt and pt. Flasks,
200 " 8 by 10 Glass,
200 " 10 by 12 do,
100 " 10 by 14 do,
150 " 10 by 15, 12 by 16, 11 by 14, 12 by 18, 14 by 18, 14 by 20 and 16 by 22 Glass.
The whole of the above glass was manufactured by Wm. Cully & Co., of Pittsburgh, on a contract and is warranted to be superior glass, and as well packed as any lot ever shipped to this market. 380 Reams Assorted Wrapping Paper,
35 cases Ruled Letter and Cap, assorted qualities put up in paper boxes,
150 Reams Fancy and Fine Letter Paper,
60 " Bath Post. &c. &c. &c.
Encourage Domestic Manufacturers.
Wholesale dealers and consumers of White Lead are informed, that in arrangement with my late partner, (Mr. J. Charles), in the Missouri White Lead works, I receive all the lead manufactured by that establishment, which shall continue to sustain by its purity and whiteness, the high character it has acquired in this and the adjoining States, and will be sold on as good terms as any pure lead brought on consignment to this city.
Cash paid for beeswax.
Feb. 28 HENRY T. BLOW.

Final Settlement.
NOTICE is hereby given, that I will apply at the next May Term of the County Court, of Howard County, for a Final settlement of my administration of the estate of William Lee, deceased.
JOHN JONES, Adm'r.
March 21, 1840.

Final Settlement.
NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that I shall apply to the County Court of Randolph County, at the next regular Term thereof, for a Final settlement, as Executor of the estate of Rebecca Herring, deceased.
SAML'L C. DAVIES, Ex'r.
March 21, 1840.

CARPET STORE.
THE subscribers having established themselves, for the sale of
Carpeting, Floor Oil Cloth, &c.
respectfully invite visitors to the city, to examine their stock previous to purchasing elsewhere. Their connexion with extensive importers in Philadelphia and New Orleans, will enable them to furnish a constant supply of the newest and most fashionable articles in their line.
They have now on hand, just received, Carpeting of the following description:
Wilson and Brussels 1-3, with bordering;
Imperial 3 Ply;
Superfine Ingrain;
Fine and English do;
Damask and Plain Venetian;
4-4, 3-4 and 5-8 wide;
With Turkish, Wilton and Brussels Rugs, to match. Floor cloth, Baize, Furniture, Oil Cloth, Hair rods, every variety of price, Door Mats, &c. &c.
FLOOR OIL CLOTH, from 3 feet to 21 feet wide suitable for Parlors, Halls, &c. which will be cut to order, for any room within the size of 21 by 60 feet, with superfine, fine and common cloth table covers, and every other article pertaining to the business—are offered low on pleasing terms.
No. 54 North Main street Saint Louis.
March 21, 1840.

Closing Business; MONEY WANTED.
ALL Persons indebted to us are required to make payment by the 15th of April, otherwise we shall be compelled to use coercive measures.
JOHN R. WHITE,
JAS. M. GIDDINGS,
Fayette, March 21, 1840.

NATHAN L. PHILIPS.
IMPORTER, MANUFACTURER & DEALER IN
MUSIC & MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,
No. 28, Market st., St. Louis.
THE subscriber respectfully informs his customers and the public generally, that he has just opened a large and valuable assortment of NEW MUSIC, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS and MUSICAL MERCHANDISE of every description; consisting of superior French cornets; valve trumpets; Cristman's tenor and bass trombones, (Choffe's pattern) Ophicleides; E. & C. Kent Bugles, from 5 to 9 keys; concert trumpets; bass horns, bass and tenor drums, French horns, concert and post horns; superior finished guitars, some beautifully inlaid with pearl, ivory and silver, varying in price from \$5 to \$50; violins, all qualities; double basses and bass violas, with patent machine heads; Cristman's premium Flutes, from \$1 to \$55; do. clarinets, 5 to 13 keys; double and single flageolets; fifes, various kinds; metronomes; bird organs; music boxes; splendid accordions, from 6 to 22 keys, inlaid with pearl and various kinds of fancy wood, from \$5 to \$40; violin and bass viol bows of all qualities; reeds for clarinets; crooks and mouth pieces for bugles, cornets, trumpets, horns, &c.; portable music desks; tuning hammers and forks; violin bridges and pegs; hair and rosin for bows; cases for various instruments; music papers; instruction books for all instruments; patent par folio for securing loose music; superior violin, violoncello, guitar, harp and piano forte strings; Also, dulcimer wire. The stock of music, merchandise is very extensive, embracing every article appertaining to music.—The above stock was selected with great care by the subscriber, and every instrument is warranted correct, and can be returned if found imperfect in any respect. Those in pursuit of good instruments, will find it to their advantage to call and examine this stock, as it embraces the largest and best assortment ever offered in this city. A liberal discount made to seminaries, bands and artists of the profession. Musical instruments of every kind repaired and put in proper order. dec. 9.

VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC.
A full catalogue of the latest and most fashionable songs, marches, waltzes, pieces, &c., arranged for the piano forte, guitar and other instruments; also, music arranged for a full band; sacred music in sheet and books; Foreign music; a splendid selection for the piano forte violin, flute, &c., by the most eminent composers; among which are, De Bériot, Lafont, Mayseider, Osborn, Thalberg, Auber and Hertz. In addition to the above, the subscriber will receive monthly all the latest and best music published in the United States. On his works may be seen a variety of musical works and fashionable music. The following are among the collection, the Boston Musical Souvenir; Orphan lyre, a collection of glees; Kingsley's social choir; the Odeon; Boston glee book; music of Christ Church; Catechism on harmony; Burrow's Piano Forte primer; juvenile singing school; ancient and modern Catholic music; Boston Acad; coll'd ancient lyre; the choir; Handel and Hayden; coll'd Church music; Cook's art of singing; La Mousse; or Musical Annual.

N. PHILIPS' Music Saloon,
29 Market-st.
St. Louis.

Umbrella and Parasol Manufactory.
No. 28, MARKET STREET, ST. LOUIS.
HERE can be found a large and extensive assortment of Silk, Gingham and Oil cloth umbrellas; also, plain and figured Parasols of every style and finish, some with rich Pearl and Ivory handles, manufactured especially for the retail trade, and will be sold by wholesale or retail at Eastern prices, adding the transportation of stock &c. &c. Country merchants are invited to call and examine this assortment.
March 21, 1-tf. N. PHILIPS, 28 Market st.

PARASOLS.
JUST finished, the most extensive assortment ever offered, some very cheap and elegant patterns, at prices varying from \$1 50 to \$10, for sale very low by
N. PHILIPS,
28 Market-st. St. Louis.

STATE OF MISSOURI—County of Randolph.
In the Circuit Court, January Term, 1840.
Fielding Cockrill, Clinton Cockrill and Felix G. Cockrill
vs.
Robert Steel, defendant.
NOW at this day comes into Court the said plaintiffs by their Attorney, and it appearing to the Court here that the process in this cause cannot be served on the said defendant, therefore on motion of the said plaintiffs, it is ordered by the Court, that an order of publication be made in the following form, to wit: To Robert Steel, you are hereby notified that Fielding Cockrill, Clinton Cockrill and Felix G. Cockrill, have commenced an action against you in the Circuit Court of Randolph County and sued out a writ of Attachment against you and attached your property to secure the sum of twenty-seven dollars and twenty cents, and that unless you appear at the next term of this Court, which will commence on the third Monday in May next, on or before the third day of said term, judgment will be rendered against you and your property sold to satisfy the same; and it is further ordered by the Court here, that this notice be published in some newspaper printed in this State four weeks successively before the commencement of the next term of this Court, to which time this cause is continued.
A true copy of the order.
51 Teste—ROBERT WILSON, Clerk.

George W. Callahan,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
[SAINT LOUIS, MO.]

REFERENCES.
Messrs. H. N. Davis & Co. St. Louis, Mo.
" John Riggins & Brother, do
" James Lyman & Co. do
" J. B. & M. Camden, do
" Clark, Van Allen & Co. do
" Strober, do
" Hooper, Feist & Scaler, do
" Barry & Hurst, Baltimore, do
" Doct. David Keener, do
" Messrs Hall & Co., do
" George Handy, Esq. Philadelphia, do
" Stephen F. Nislet, Esq. do
" John M. Chapron, Esq. do
" Messrs Richards, Kingsland & Co. New York, do
" Oakley, Johnson & Clark, do
" Pettibone & Long, do
" Lewis G. Irving, do

Removal.
THE subscribers have removed from their old stand and have taken that recently occupied by Mr. J. W. Paulding.
No. 86, MAIN STREET, ST. LOUIS,
where they have, and will continue to keep, a large & fashionable assortment of HATS & CAPS, which they offer on the most reasonable terms.
Country merchants are invited to call and examine their stock before purchasing.
N. B. Hats and Caps of any patterns made to order on short notice.
BELTZHOVER & ROBB.
St. Louis, March, 1840.